

Where and When [sh] is Spelled

CK-12 English

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[sh] Spelled <t>

[sh] in the final syllable <tion>

Where and When [sh] is Spelled <t>



[Figure1]

The consonant sound [sh] is never spelled <t> at the beginning or end of a word.

When [sh] is spelled <t>, the two vowels after the <t> will always be unstressed.

Examples

The following words are examples of [sh] spelled <t> when the two vowels after the <t> are unstressed: *repetition*, *impatience*, and *deletion*.

Review

1. Here are some words in which [sh] is spelled <t>. In each word mark the two letters following the <t> that spells [sh] as either 'v' or 'c' for vowel or consonant, as we have done with *ambition*.

ambition	partial	contribution	indignation
vv			
association	quotient	repetition	constitution
conventions	proportion	affectionately	restrictions
fractions	subtraction	prescription	quotation
deletion	impatience	reception	immigration

2. You should have found that in every word there was always the same pattern following the <t>. Was it CC, CV, VV, or VC? _____

3. Whenever <t> spells [sh] it is always followed by two vowels. The vowel right after the <t> is always the same one. What is it? _____

In the following chart, <t> spells [t] in the first word in each of the pairs, but it spells [sh] in the second word. Use the chart to answer the questions that follow.

<t> spells [t]	<t> spells [sh]
native	nátion
receptive	reception
parting	partial
deleted	deletion
immigrated	immigration
fractal	fraction
affecting	affection

4. In the words in the right column above, is the <t> always followed by an <i> and another vowel? _____.

5. In the words in the left column, is the <t> ever followed by an <i> and another vowel? _____

6. In the right column, what sound does <t> spell? _____.

7. In the left column, what sound does <t> spell? _____

8. In each of the words in the right column, mark the vowel that has heavy stress, as we have done with *nation*. Does the <i> and the next vowel after the <t> that spells [sh] ever have heavy stress on it? _____

In each of the following words, [sh] is spelled <t> and each one ends with the suffix *-ion*. Analyze each word into its stem and *-ion*, showing any changes that occurred when the stem and suffix combined. Most of the stems are free, but one is bound. Be sure to show any final <e> deletions.

Word	= Stem + Suffix <i>-ion</i>
9. legislation	= <i>legislat</i> / + <i>ion</i>
10. indication	=
11. calculation	=
12. restriction	=
13. contribution	=
14. appreciation	=
15. precaution	=

Review (Answers)

1.

ambition	partial	contribution	indignation
vv	vv	vv	vv
association	quotient	repetition	constitution
vv	vv	vv	vv
conventions	proportion	affectionately	restrictions
vv	vv	vv	vv
fractions	subtraction	prescription	quotation
vv	vv	vv	vv
deletion	impatience	reception	immigration
vv	vv	vv	vv

2. You should have found that in every word there was always the same pattern following the <t>. Was it CC, CV, W, or VC? VV.

3. Whenever <t> spells [sh] it is always followed by two vowels. The vowel right after the <t> is always the same one. What is it? <i>.

In the following chart, <t> spells [t] in the first word in each of the pairs, but it spells [sh] in the second word. Use the chart to answer the questions that follow.

<t> spells [t]	<t> spells [sh]
native	ná tion
receptive	rec é ption
parting	pá rtial
deleted	del é tion
immigrated	immigr á tion
fractal	fr á ction
affecting	aff é ction

- In the words in the right column above, is the <t> always followed by an <i> and another vowel? Yes.
- In the words in the left column, is the <t> ever followed by an <i> and another vowel? No.
- In the right column, what sound does <t> spell? [sh].
- In the left column, what sound does <t> spell? [t].
- In each of the words in the right column, mark the vowel that has heavy stress, as we have done with *nation*. (See above chart for answers.) Does the <i> and the next vowel after the <t> that spells [sh] ever have heavy stress on it? No.

In each of the following words, [sh] is spelled <t> and each one ends with the suffix *-ion*. Analyze each word into its stem and *-ion*, showing any changes that occurred when the stem and suffix combined. Most of the stems are free, but one is bound. Be sure to show any final <e> deletions.

Word	= Stem + Suffix -ion
9. legislation	= legislat e_ + ion
10. indication	= indicat e_ + ion
11. calculation	= calculat e_ + ion
12. restriction	= restrict + ion
13. contribution	= contribut e_ + ion
14. appreciation	= appreciat e_ + ion
15. precaution	= precaut + ion

1.0 REFERENCES

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